# Inclusive Development Jammu and Kashmir (A Way Forward)

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## **Industrialisation:**

- □ To what extent industrialization has taken place: Number and magnitude of industrial activities.
- What is the resource-base locally available which offers industrial potential and to what extent has that potential been exploited.

What are the difficulties in the way of industrialization and what is the way forward.

#### Has Industrialization taken place in the State:

- Incidence of unemployment.
- Growing dependence on Imports.
- Unexploited potential resource-base.

#### \* Unemployment as a crisis:

- Population increase from 59.87 lakhs in 1981 to 125 lakhs in 2011.
- Work opportunities not keeping pace with increasing population.
- In absence of desirable industrial growth and limited scope in private sector, number of job seekers (unemployed) has increased.

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2006: 1,09,383
2019: 5,90,661 Matric and above. (Increase rate: 440%)
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**Source: Live registers of DECCs.** 

## B) Growing dependence on Imports:

Import –Export Ratio : 8:1

(Import substitution is a far reaching cry)

Handicrafts, Horticulture, etc are the main export oriented sectors.

## C) Unexploited Potential Resource base:

- Power Generation (Next)
- Tourism (Next)
- Handicrafts (Next)
- Horticulture (Next)
- Mineral resources (cement manufacturing)
- Sheep and Animal Husbandry

## **Power Generation (Hydro):**

- Non polluting, environment friendly and economical.
- Against the potential of 20,000 MWs, only 2318 MWs i.e. 14% exploited so far. (758.70 MWs in State sector from 20 power projects and 1560 MWs from three Power projects under Central Sector).
- Power Generation Headways:
  - Five power projects with installed capacity of 1679 MWs under execution by NHPC.
  - Five power projects with installed capacity of 453.61 MWs under execution in State sector.
  - 10 Micro Hydel Projects of 103 MWs in PPP mode under execution.
  - 1000 MW Thermal project is being set up in Katuha by NTPC.

#### **Tourism:**

- -Tourism having a multiplier effect.
- Three Regions with unique attractions:

**Kashmir: Natural beauty.** 

Jammu: Place of temples.

Ladakh: Moon land for adventure.

- Tourist Inflow:
  - 2019:

Kashmir: 5 lakhs (13 lakhs)

Jammu: 12 lakhs

Ladakh: .76 lakhs

- Deficiencies:
  - Accommodation facilities.

(construction of Hotels, guest houses, huts, budgeted accommodations, etc.)

- 20 % of people get direct and indirect employment.
- Gray areas:
  - Adventure tourism; Heritage tourism, Rural tourism, Development of untapped destinations,

### **Handicrafts:**

- An important sector in the state's economic structure.
- More labour intensive and less capital intensive.
- World famous handicraft goods.
- 3.74 lakh artisans engaged.
- Handicraft production of Rs. 1500 crore in 2018-19.
- Export of handicrafts in 2018-19: Rs. 1161.27 crores

- Export promotion:

### **Horticulture:**

- Apple Production 1.74 million metric tonnes in 2017-18.
- 45 % of economic returns in agriculture sector accounted for horticulture.
- Contribution of 7-8% to GSDP.
- 3.06 lakh hectares of land in horticulture.
- Annual turnover of fruit industry is around Rs.3000 crores in case of apple and Rs. 500 crores in case of dry fruits.
- Six lakh families are involved involving 30 lakh farmers.

- Great scope for fruit processing.
- Kashmir Needs 5 crore Cardboard Cartons A Year And Not Even ONE PERCENT Is Manufactured Here
  - Against Requirement Of 500 Thousand Ton CS Facility, 12 Ton Available
  - Juice Concentrate Capacity Can Easily Be Multiplied Five Times If Fruit Thrown Away By Growers Is Assembled For Free

Coal and Lignite (Thermal power, brick kiln, etc)
Lime Stone: - Jammu: Udhampur, Doda, Kathua and
Poonch.

- Kashmir: Srinagar and pulwama. (Kashmir limestone better; 9 cement plants, Production is less than demand).

**Gypsum:** Jammu – Batote; Kashmir – Baramulla (Jammu Gypsum is better)

Forest: Joinery and Plywood Industry; Sports goods; Rosin and turpentine; Medicinal plants, etc.

## Live Stock and industrial potential:

## Live stock provide scope for:

- Skins & Hides for leather industry (Tanneries, footwear, garments)
- Market for feed industry
- Food habit of kashmiris provides scope for:
  - Sheep husbandry
  - **Diary farming**
- Poultry farming
- Wide gap exists between local production and demand
- 80% of red meat & 30-35% of white meat comes from outside
- 10-20% of total Milk supply comes from outside
- 80-90% of eggs consumed in the valley come from outside

- Mutton Imports Rs. 900 Cr
- Post Consumption Hides Sold For Rs.50 Cr that We Buy Again for Rs. 300 Cr As Footwear

#### **MSME** sector:

- Prominence of MSE Sector in Industrial economies all over the world :
  - Number of enterprises.
  - Employment generation.
  - Industrial production.

#### Significant characteristics:

- Less capital per unit (Capital light).
- More employment per unit of capital [1:8].
- Use of unskilled labour.
- Short gestation period.
- Less dependence on infrastructure.
- Distribution of economic power.

Large and Medium Sector: 145 units set up by ending 2009 with an investment of Rs. 4304 crores proving employment to 53353

persons.

#### **Industrial Infrastructure:**

#### **Industrial Estates:**

Managing Agency	No. of Ind. Estates	No. of units
Directorate of Ind.& Com	30	655
J&K SIDCO	12	1587
J&K SICOP	9	1040
	51	3282
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No. of Industrial Estates under development: 21

Industrial Growth Centres: Two (Samba and Lassipora)

Institutional Framework with a number of IPAs

#### Sickness in Small Scale Sector:

Year	Total no. of regd.	Jammu	Kashmir	J&K	Status
	units				
1995	35,641	3500	5000	-	Untraceable
				4000	close down
				23141	in existence

**Source: State Industries Department.** 

"60.83% of the total SSI units are closed and 39.17% of the units are functional."

..... All India Industrial Census

" Of 20,359 units surveyed, 14,534 units were found functional and 5,825 units were found closed or untraceable. ".

..... All India Industrial Census

# Large scale Industry:

- Public Sector Is Dead
- In 20 Companies That J&K Owned:
- Total Investment: Rs. 3200.83 Cr (March 2012)
- Accumulated losses: 1390 Cr plus
- Yearly wage bill: 186 Cr

## **Difficulties:**

- political Instability.
- Geographical disadvantage.

## Way forward:

- Private investment in Large scale industries.
- Development of Infrastructure.
- Resource mapping and sector specific focus.
- Addressing the issues of social environment.\*

# Thank You